Employees under ESI scheme

3902. SHRI RAMACHANDRA KHUNTIA: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) the number of employees covered under the employees State Insurance Scheme alongwith the number of doctors and employees engaged by ESIC for the purpose, State-wise;

(b) the percentage of expenditure on administration and medicines by ESIC; and

(c) the steps taken/proposed to be taken by Government to improve medical care in the ESI Hospital and Dispensaries, which is the worst in the country?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI MUNI LALL): (a) The requisite information is enclosed as per Statement. *(See* below).

(b) 5.17% of total expenditure on medical care has been incurred on administration and 18.70% on medical drugs & dressings during 2000-2001.

(c) The Employees' State Insurance Corporation has formulated Action Plans to modernize ESI Hospitals/Dispensaries during 1998-99, 1999-2000 & 2000-2001 and equipments worth Rs. 45.61 crore have been sanctioned under these Action Plans.

The ESIC has adopted several other measures for improvement in Medical services such as setting up one Model Hospital in each State to provide complete secondary care treatment, setting up of a Revolving fund in each state for speedy transfer of funds for Super Speciality treatment and implementation of a Project for control of HIV/AIDS for ESI beneficiaries through setting up of STD Clinics, Blood Banks etc.

Statement

Number of employees covered under the Employees State Insurance Scheme alongmth the number of Doctors

Sl. No.	Name of the State	No. of employees Medical Officers Para covered	medical staff		Others staff			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
			S	P	S	P	S	P
1.	Andhra Pradesh	474700	636	520	1481	1281	1800	1600
2.	Assam	37950	75	60	163	139	203	192
3.	Bihar	41130	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
4.	Chandigarh Admit.	34100	14	10	34	17	35	25
5.	Chattisgarh	27300	29	27	46	38	72	65
6.	Delhi	527350	1044	701	2391	1826	1712	1413
7.	Goa	73950	36	32	86	84	90	79
8.	Gujarat	548800	758	685	1653	1221	2642	2098
9.	Haryana	369550	284	NR	665	NR	695	NR
10.	Himachal Pradesh	53900	22	27	52	49	56	50
11.	Jammu and Kashmir	13800	12	7	42	31	28	28
12.	Jharkhand	74650	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
13.	Karnataka	69780)	733	466	1234	676	1489	1158
14.	Kerala	359050	588	473	1121	954	1493	1418
15.	Madhya Pradesh	178200	359	313	629	521	1077	911
16.	Maharashtra	1159500	453	417	1707	1157	3863	3048
17.	Orissa	115050	200	171	410	367	633	555
18.	Meghalaya	2100	1	1	10	5	8	7
19.	Pondicherry	52300	45	27	217	201	58	57
20.	Punjab	422400	307	301	652	577	997	NR
21.	Rajasthan	257950	253	203	495	464	715	675
22.	Tamil Nadu	1106950	654	604	1816	1534	2466	2279

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
23.	Uttranchal	16750	9	5	22	19	30	29
24.	Uttar Pradesh	449600	524	421	NR	NR	NR	NR
25.	West Bengal	659600	919	577	2112	1431	3293	2450
	TOTAL:	7754450	7955	6048	17038	12592	23455	1813

S =Sanctioned P =In position NR=Not reported by State Govt.

National Commission on Labour

3903. SHRI SURESH PACHOURI: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have not set up a National Commission on Labour;

(b) if so, the terms and conditions of the Commission;

(c) by when was the Commission asked to submit its report;

(d) whether the Commission has given its report to Government; and

(e) if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR (SHRI MUNI LALL): (a) to (c) The Government had set up the Second National Commission on Labour on 15.10.1999 to suggest (i) rationalisation of existing laws relating to labour in the organised sector; and (ii) to suggest an umbrella legislation for ensuring a minimum level of protection to the workers in the unorganised sectors. The Commission was required to submit its report by 15.10.2001.

(d) and (e) No, Sir. The report of the Commission is expected by 15.06.2002. The time being taken by the Commission is due to the voluminous nature of work.